# More Work

FOR THE

# DEAN

In a Brief Answer to some Scandalous Reports, Published by Dr. STILLINGFLEET, in his Book, Entituded, An Impartial Account of the History, Nature and Pleas of the present Separation from the Communion of the Church of England; against some of the Lords faithful Servants, namely, Mr. Henry Barrow, Mr. John Greenwood, Mr. John Penry, who by the Bishops means, after long imprisonment, were put to death, contrary to Queen Elizabeths mind, in the year 1593, because they refused Communion with the Church of England, by reason of the many Popish Corruptions in the Ministry, and Worship retained therein: And also for bearing their Testimony against the same 1 which is still the Cause many Thousand Protestants refuse Communion with the Church of England at this day.

As likewise here is word for word the Petition of those persecuted Christians, wherein is shewed the Barbarous Usage of the Bishops to them.

Together with the Refutation of the then Efteemed Bishop of Winchester's Blasphemous Doctrine, by Mr. Henry Barrow; with the
Description of the true Church of God, according to Christs
Testament, by the whole Church at London, whom the Doctor
calleth Brownists; with the reason why they were so Nick-named
by their Enemies. Very needful for all true Protestants to know.

#### By Thomas Wall.

Prov. 11. 8. Open thy mouth for the dumb, in the cause of all such as are appointed to destruction.

LONDON, Printed for William Marshall, at the

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# More Works

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#### By Thomas Will and

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Biole in New gate-freen. in 6 8

To the most Noble and Sincere bearted Protestants, Grace, Mercy and Peace do be multiplied and the Contrary.

Secondly, Among all the Enemies of niosgneral ly swing nins and dyem, Till ownature for a Lambi without fear, to meet a Lyon in the opposited: As it was in Little Dagid when by faith he Encountered with great Goliah; the Champion of the Philistines ; even foi it may foem frange to fone not at the mean an infirmment thall, without fear mest Driftilling fleet, for great a Champion in the open field. But feeing he hath, with Goliab, do spiled or defied that listle flock of Christs faithful Servants, the heavenly Armies of the living God; therefore I cannot keep filent, having, with Danid the Lord on my fide; his/Trush for my Sword and Busklet's therefore for the Honour of the Lord Jehns Chrift, and love I bear to all his Servants, I shall herein defend the Rights and Pserogatives of my Lord and Savigor in That he is the only Archbishop word Spiritual and Lawgiver to his Church, in all things appertaining

taining to the worship of his Father; And shall stand by the same testimony which any of the Lords Servants have born against the Doctor, and all the Canons of his Church

to the contrary.

Secondly, Among all the Enemies of Gods people, the most wicked'st are those that under the Visage of Christianity, would be reckoned among the Lords Protestant people, in word, declaring they are on Christs fide, but in their Works and Writings mamifest their hatred against him, and all his faithful Servants, for no other cause, but by munifelting their love to Christ, in keep ing his Commandment in Gods Worling, and bearing their testimony against all mens inventions to the contrary : fuch an enemy so the Christians herein mentioned, in the falle Reports published against them, to the Defamation of their persons, their Writings, and the Truth they profested and mainsained, as is hereafter plainly discovered someoning their Faith in the Description of the true Church of God, with all her Officer, and in what order Christ hathcommanded in his Teltament, for them caining

to walk therein, with Church - State Mis miftry of together with its holy Order I defire the Doctor to compare with his Church and Ministry, and then declare to the world, which he believeth in his confrience is the true Church of God. If God be pleased to open his eyes, and carry him above all earthly Wisdom, by his Spirit, unto an exceeding high Mountain, the height Rev. 21.10. of Ifreet, to behold the City filled with the glory of God; and unless God doth be his Ezek. 17.22, help, he, with the Apoltate Ifruelites, will 23. & 40.2. fill weary himself, and hor know how to Eccl. 10.15. find the way to the City; in which City. by the Canon or holy Rules thereof, Christ bath appointed for her Officers, Paftors, Teachers, Elders and Descens, Ephef. qu But the 7th Canon of the Doctors Church faith, Whofoever fall affirm, that the Govern. ment of that Church by Archbufbops, Bifbops, Deans, Archdeacone, and the reft that do bear office, is Antichristian, or repugnant to the word of God, let bim be excommunicated ipfo facto, and fo continue, until be repeat. and publickly receke bis micked Errors. Christ Jefus hurh appointed the whole form of Golpel-worthip to be learned out of his. Tellan

Ifa. 8. 20. Testament, and that it be agreeable to the Act. 20. 27. same, upon pain of all the Curses in Gods Rev. 22. 18. Book, to him that addeth or diminisheth to Prov. 30. 6. or from. But the 4th Canon of the Doctors Church faith, Whofoever Shall affirm, that the form of Gods worship, established by Law, and contained in the book of Common-prayer, is a corrupt and superstitions, or unlawful worsbip. .61.12 .vel of Gade for containeth any thing in it that is repugnant to the Scriptures, let him be excommunicated ipfo facto', and fuch like . wherein is preferred the Traditions and Or dersy of men i torbe requalito the sinfpired Rules in Christs Testamentos vow and boil Now let me ask the Doctor, whether he believeth in his conscience, that when he cometh to appear before the Lord Jefus, the chief Judg, that he shall be judged for the breach of his Church Canons, or for the breach of Christs Canons, in his Testament; feeing the word of God telleth was that whatfoever man that hath engaged himfelf to be a worshipper of God, and shall break the holy Rules in Worship he hath promifed to keep; and after Gods order by brethren, uled for his recovery, Matthing 8. if he fland obstinate, then that which the Church, ... Shoi

Church, by the Bales of Christ doth by excommunicating him on earth, is confirmed in heaven; but the curse for the breach of mans Canons in worship, though pretended so God in worthip, is the curse causeles, which shall not come, Proy, 26. 2. But the curse turn'd into a bleffing, upon all that do, Rev. 22.11. to wit, the Commandments of the Lord Jefus they only have right to the Tree of life, and may enter in through the gates in the City. So that it is not enough for the Doctor to think it is sufficient for him, or his hearers to believe verbally that Christ is the Son of God come in the flesh, as the only foundation of Religion; but they that do expect falvation by Christs Merits must not only believe he is the Son of God but by their obedience confess the same that as a Son was he faithful in his house or Church, as Moses the Prophet, like unto Mefes the only Lawgiver, for Gospel-worthip, as aforesaid; which the Doctor doth not obediently believe, so long, as he retaineth, the Popish Office of a Dean, for one of Christs Gospel-Ministers, as though Christ was not wife enough to give Titles fit for his Ministers, But as we read of the Romish Church, that woman which sitteth upon

upon a fearlet coloured beaft, full of the names of blasphenry : this name Dean proceeding from thence, may be reckoned among

them, Rev. 12. 1. 8 17. 2. And, laftly, as every true Christian must not only believe that Christ is the Son of God come in the flesh, but also they must walk in him, rooted and established, following Christ by the example of the Primitive Churches commended in them: As when 16 rael had gone from the pure keeping in wor-Mal. 2, 8. thip to God, his Ordinances, and the Cove. name of Leve, the eall of the Lord to them. to reform their ways by the prophet Malache, Mal. 4. 4. was to remember the Law of Mofes, and not the Tradition, or Canons of men : and until this was done, they that feared the Lord had separated from them, and spake often one to another, and a book of remembrance was written for them, that thought on his Name, even his Law, and parrook not in the evil of Mat. 12.21. the transgressors. Even so, when after the long Apostacy of Christians, the Lord called them

Rev. 18. 4. to come out of Babylon, and to reform their ways, but not by the Canons of men, but by the everlafting Gofpel, taught by the Servants of God in King Edward, Queen Eliza.

Ha. 42. 4.

beth,

the ist and 2d. to this day; and until this work be done, all that fear the Lord do separate themselves, and speak often one to another: for which they are and were still persecuted, reproached and defamed; but by whom but by the Devil, called the Dragon and Serpent, Rev. 2.10. in his servants, out of whose mouths comes shoods of teproaches to destroy the woman, Rev. 12. had not the earth then, and still doth by more 15. than an ordinary Providence help the woman, in drinking up, or rather hindering the work Verse 16. of persecution.

Thus hoping the Doctor will lay these things to heart; and who knoweth, seeing among Adams Sons some men for their malice and sury are compared to Lions, 2 Tim. 4.

17. but God in his mercy may give him grace to the changing of his sierce nature. If the Lord by the Arrows of his Truth prick his heart, Pfal. 45. 5. Acts 2. 37. Heb. 4. 12. that so he may yield obedience to Christ Jesus, and lie down with the Lambs in the Lords holy Mountain, even Sion his true Church, Isa. 11. 7. Heb. 12. 22. where it is said, the Lords people shall be all Righteons, Isa. 60. wise as Serpents, harmless as Doves,

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men in understanding, children in molice, 1 Cor. 14. for fuch only can have right to enter into the Kingdom of God, Mat. 18. 3. that so he may for the time to come see himself in the glass of Gods word new born, all his fleshly glory and honour fading away by the Spirit of God blowing on him; so shall he beat his fword of bitter words into ploughsheares, that by the word of God the fallow ground of his uncircumcifed heart be broken up, the feed of Gods truth fowed therein watred by the heavenly dew of his grace, that he may bring forth the fruits of righteousness, which is peace with all men, and holiness, without which no man shall see the face of God; which is and shall be the prayers for the very enemies of him who is the Lords unworthy fervaut,

Tho. Wall.

Jam.3. 18. Heb. 12.

Heb. 12.

that they might enter into Covenant with the Lord, to ferve or weethip him, as he had given commandment by the faul of North

## More Work

FOR THE

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Or, A brief

### ANSWER

To some Scandalous Reports published by

# Dr. Stillingfleet, &c.

Herefore among the many fore Travels King Solomon beheld among the Sons of men, this, faith he, is one, That for every right work a man is envised of his neighbour, Ecclef. 4.4. Pfal. 106. 16. Numb. 11:20. Matt. 26.7, 8, 9, 10. Now if that were a right work in the Lords Servants of 'old, in calling the Lords people out of the temporal Babylon, to separate themselves from all the filthiness of those Heathens, Exra. 6.21.

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that they might enter into Covenant with the Lord, to ferve or worship him, as he had given commandment by the hand of Mose's both in Ministry, Ordinances and Order, for which work they were envied of their Neighbours, Nehem 4 and Chapters; even fo it was a-like right work in these latter days, for the Lords Servants to call his elected ones out of the Romish Sodomy, Egyptian and Spiritual Babylon, Rev. 11.8. and 18.4. that they might separate themselves from their abominable filthiness in worship and nature, that fo with the Lord they might enter into the Covenant of the Gospel, Acts 2. 47. 2 Cor. 11. 2. 1/a 62. 5. Ezek. 16 8. to worship him as the Son of God, Christ Jesus, had appointed in his last Will and Testament, both in Ministry, Ordinances, Time and Order; and for this right work, among others, was Mr. Barrow, Mr. Greenwood, and Mr. Penry envied then to death by their Neighbours, and now again, after their death, envied by Dr. Stilling fleet, to the defamation of the memory ( Prov. 10. 7. ) of those whom God had bleffed, and are now at rest in the Lord, Rev. 14 13.

2dly. The evil way this Doctor hath taken to vent his envy against these Servants of God, is, first, in calling their Books feditious; and therefore because he could not prove it, he is driven to make use of the false reports of their Enemies, such as never difclaimed against the fuccession of their Ministry received from the Bishops, nor yet their vain School Titles of Batchelor in Divinity, a Title not found in Christs Testament, set in the front of that Book called the Bloody Tenet, out of which Book, the Doctor tells us, that Mr. Cotton faid, Mr. Dod told him, that when Mr. Barrow was under the Gibbet, he lift up his eyes and faid, If I be deceived, thou bast deceived me. To which I answer, If Mr. Barrow did fav those words, it might be drawn from him upon the same occasion the like words were drawn from the Prophet Feremiab, when the Priests and false Prophets seeing his constancy and faithfulness in the Lords meffage against their evil doings ( Fer. 20.8, 10. ) derided him, which occasioned him to fay, O Lord thou hast deceived me, and I was deceived, thou art stronger than I, and hast prevailed: I an in derission dayly, every one mocketh me. Even so some of the Clergy being present when Mr. Barrow suffered death, seeing his constant, testimony against their evil doings, might deride him, and so might occasion those words from him. Surely if the Doctor had had any thing worth noting against this man, a few Pages in

his

his Book should not have contained it : Thus all may fee, it is more of malice than of any just matter he had against him. And why at this time? Because the memory of Mr. Barrow, Mr. Greenwood, and Mr. Penry was lately revived in a Christian Warning-piece, presented to the Kings Majesty last April: so that if Mr. Barrows Books therein mentioned, should be again fought after, which doth fo live: ly discover the abomination of that Ministry of which the Doctor is one, therefore he hath endeavoured to difgrace their persons, that their labours might not be regarded; and therefore it will not be amis by the way, to note what Mr. Barrow hath written, in one of his Books called the Differery, which the Doctor called feditious, for comparing the true Ministry of Christ and the Ministry of Antichrift together; that as light maketh manifelt, fo in laying down Christs true Ministry, the abomination of all other by it may be discovered; of which subject in particular, Mr. Barrows words are thefe in his Discovery, page 46.

The Ministry appointed by Christ unto the Government of Church be of two sorts, Elders and Deacons, Phil. 2. 1. I Tim. 3. Tit. 1.5. Rom. 12. Acts 20. 28. I Tim. 5. 17. 1 Cor. 12. 7,8 Acts 6. The Elders, some of them to give attendance unto the publick Ministry of the Word and Sacraments, as the Pastor and Teacher; the other Elders together with them, to give attendance to the publick Government of the Church. The Deacons office, to attend to the gathering and distributing the Contribution of the Church, for the maintenance

of the Ministry and Poor, 1 Cor. 16.

Now (laith Mr. Barrow) to come to the Ministry of the Church of England, which is so manifold and divers as I know not how to begin to describe it; but let it first be divided in these three sorts: I. Reigning or governing. 2. Serving; and 3 Collegiate, 1. Of the reigning and governing Ministers, are Arch bishops, Lord Bishops, Arch Deacons, Chancellors, Commissaries, all of the High Commission; as likewise such Givil Doctors, Proctors, Registers, Scribes, Pursevants, Sumners, as attend upon their Courts of Faculties, Prerogative Archees, Delegates. 2. Of the serving sort are, Parsons, Vicars, Curates, Hireling Lecturies, Vagrant and Mercenary Preachers, House priests, Chaplains, half priests, or Catechisers, Churchwardens, Side men, Quest-men, Parish-Clarks. 3. Of the ministry Collegiate, are Lord Bishops, Deans, Sub deans, Prebendaries, Canons, Petit Canons, Gospellers, Epistlers, Singingmen, Singing boys, Vergers, Sextons. This division, I suppose, will

well near suffice for their Officers. But now how to divide or diffinguish their Offices, I know not, I am so unlearned and ignorant of such great secrets and high mysteries; neither yet have I skill to marshal them in their degrees of honour which I have heard say they have both in the Commonwealth and in their Schools, as their Primate, their Metropolitan Graces, their Palatine Lord Bishops, and their Barony Lordships, all which I wene be Peers of the Realth and Estates of the Land. Now there are also certain Doctors of Divinity, and Batchellors of Divinity, which have many great priviledges and prerogatives of the Cap, the Scarlet Gown, the Hood, the Habit, the Tipper, the Ring, the Chair, the one of them being a Knights sellow, the other an Esquires, in any ground in England; also how capable these are by Statute of how many Benefices, I cannot tell.

Now furely this discovery doth not a little torment the Doctor. to cause him to be so malicious against Mr. Barrow to differece him now he is dead, Papift like, who burnt the bones of fuch as they call Hereticks, many years after they have murder'd them, when as they did as Mr. Barrow hath done, that is, bear their testimony against the Rabble of Antichrists ministry, as is noted out of the Book of Martyrs in the forelaid Christian Warning-piece to the King, p. 23. for what comfort can those have which call themselves ministers, and cannot prove their Ordination to be according to Gospel-order, when at the last day they will fay, Lord, Lord, we have prophefied in thy name, and cast out devils in thy name and have done many wonderous works, when Christ shall fay to them, I know you not; depart from me ye workers of iniquity? For is it not iniquity for any to take upon them the name of a Dean instead of a Paffor, and to be a perfecutor rather than a preferver, and fo contrary to Gods plain Law, to be a tale-bearer, as it written, Levit. 10. 16, 17. Thou shalt not go up and down as a tale bearer among thy people; yea, to reproach the deceased Saints of the Lord calling their Books feditious, not only for pleading that the ministry appointed by Christ might by Protestants be embraced, but also for reproving the blafphemous Doctrine of T. C. the then esteemed Bishop of Winchester, in his Book against Martin Marprelate, namely this, that the Orders and Ordinances which Christ hath in his Testament left unto his Church, were but temporary, whilft the Church was under Heathen Tyrants; and that where the Gospel is embraced

embraced by a Christian Prince, they are not only not necessary but inconvenient, yet intollerable, as bringing the utter subversion of the Land, raising up tumults and uproars, and withdrawing the people from obedience unto their Magistrates. Unto which Mr. Barrow replieth, that there ought throughout all ages and estates of the world, in all places to be one and the same form of outward Government in all true Churches of Christ unto the worlds end. feil. that Apostolical primitive pattern left unto us in Christs Tea flament, and none other; which undoubted truth Mr. Barrow an gainst the Bishops confirms both from the Law and Gospel in these words. The Lord when he erected his Tab macle among the Ifraelites, gave them a perfect pattern in all things, even to the leaft instrument, hook, or tape therein, as also the whole composition of every thing belonging thereunto, with all the Ordinances thereof. and left nothing to the will and discretion of Moses, whose commendation was, that he was faithful in all his house, as a fervant. for a testimony of these things that were to be spoken after, Exed. 25. Heb. 8. 5. Heb. 3. also we read of David in the distribution of the order and functions of the Priests and Levites, and likewise of Solomon and Zerubbabel in building the material Temple, how perfeetly the Lord fet down the matter, form, number, fize, place, order, and use of every thing belonging thereunto, 1 Chron. 28, 11. as also what perfect Lyws was given by God for every thing to be done; and likewise how jealous the Lord was over his Sanctuary; and what fevere judgments was upon all them that transgreffed the least of his Ordinances, as is feen in Nadab, Abibu, Lev. 10. Corah and his company, Numb. 16. on Eli and his fons, 1 Sam-4. and fundry the like: Now may we suppose God is less jealous, careful, provident over his glorious Temple of lively stones, which confifteth of the bodies and fouls of his Saints, for the structure, instruments. form, order, and ordinances, which fhall abide to the worlds end, than he was of the other which confifted but of wood and flone, and was to abide but for a time, being but a type and shadow of the spiritual; if we think fo, let the New Testament convince us, wherein is left unto us a most exact, lively, and express pattern for all things concerning the ministry, ordinances, maintenance, time, and order; therefore Christ is faid to be faithful ( Heb. 3. 6. ) in his own house as a Son, who is the head of his body the Church (Col. 1, 18.) of the living God, the only Lord spiritual and Archbishop of their foul, I Pet, 2. 24. If the Dr. be, as may be supposed he is of the Bishops

Bishops mind, by imbracing an Office not once named in Christs Testament, to wit, a Dean, by it allowing that the Orders appointed by Christ were but temporary; to that Christs Offices of Paftors, Teachers, Elders and Deacons, is not allowed by the Doctor to remain perpetual: When he hath proved it, he may be believed; and until then, Mr. Barrows testimony herein is truth. and the contrary feditious: And they that own any other Ministry, Order, or Ordinances in Gospel-worship than Christ hath appointed, is intollerable, to the utter subversion of all good orders in Christs Church, and procurer of the Judgments to come on that Now if the Doctor will not believe this to be a truth, though a truth proved by Scripture, because those he calleth Brownists declare it; I hope he will believe it, if some of the Ministers of his own Church faith it in the Admonition to the Parliament, in the Thirteenth year of Queen Elizabeths Reign; they in opposition to the Ministry of Arch and Lord Bishops, declare in the Epistle, Either we must have a right (Matt 9 37 Eph. 4.11,12) Ministry of God, a right Government of his Church, Matt. 18. 15, 16, 17. according to the Scriptures, both which we lack; or else there can be no right Religion, nor yet from the contempt thereof, can Gods Plagues be from us any while deferred. And further, they fay in Page 2. We allow and like well of Popish Mass. mongers, men for all seasons, King Henries Priests, Queen Maries Priefts, who of a truth, if Gods Word were precisely kept, should from the fame be utterly removed. Now to leave this to the Do-Aors confideration, I fh. !! in the next place better inform the Do-Cor what end Mr. Barrow made, that fo the Doctor may be ashamed to own his false report in his Book.

I find in a book Printed a little after Mr. Barrows death, in the year 1503, Intituled Henry Barrow's Platform, by reason of some things Mr. Barrow had Written, was after his death Printed: In which, the Publisher declareth in these words, A Gentleman of a good House told me, that Queen Elizabeth asked the Learned Doctor Raynols what he then thought of those Two men Henry Barrow and John Greenwood? he answered her Majesty, that it could not avail any thing to shew his judgment concerning them, seeing they were put to death; and being loath to speak his mind surther, Her Majesty charged him upon his Allegiance to speak; whereupon he answered, that he was perswaded, if they had lived, they would have been Two as worthy instruments for the Church of God

as hath been raised up in this Age. Her Majesty sighed and said no more. But after that the riding to a Park near the place where they fuffered death, called again to mind their fuffering of death; and being willing to take farther information concerning them, demanded of the Earl of Cumberland who was present when they suffered, What end they made? He answered, A very godly end, and prayed for your Majefty, the State : moreover faith the fame Author, Mr. Philips, a preacher famous, both feeing and hearing Mr. Barrow his holy speeches and preparations for death, faid, Barrow! Barrow! my foul be with thine. By all which it appeareth, that this report which the Doctor hath taken out of Mr. Cotton's book, printed above 40. years after their death; and then, but that Mr. Cotten should fay Mr. Dod told him fo, is very falle; and the rather to be believed it was falle, because Mr. Cotton, though he went into New England, yet could never forfake the order of his ministry received from the Bishops, nor yet glorying in their vain School titles, as in the title of his book afore noted, he stileth himself John Cotten Batchellor in Divinity. These fleshly titles Paul was ashamed of, and accounted them but dung, though he had as many to glory in as any man, Phil. 3. all which Mr. Barrow reproved, which Mr. Cotten did not like, therefore could report a hearfay against Mr. Barrow. though no more dishonour to Mr. Barrow nor the cause he dyed for, than it was to the prophet Feremiah, Jer. 20. and the cause he fuffered for; both for the good old way of the Lord, under the Law, the other under the Golpel-worship.

In the next place, the Doctor is pleased to publish against Mr. Penry, That Mr. Hildersham should tell Mr. Cotten, both ministers of the bishops order, that Mr. Penry should say a little before his death, That he had deserved death at the Queens hands, for that he had seduced many of her loyal subjects to a separation from hearing the word of life in the Parish Churches; which though himself had learned to discern the evil of, yet could be never recover divers of her Majesties subjects whom he had seduced. To which I answer, as the wise man saith, Prov. 18. 17. He that is first in his own Canse seemeth just; but his neighbour cometh and searcheth him. Now by search I find that report cannot in the least measure be true: First, being but the report of his enemy; and why his enemy, but as the Apostle was to some in the Church of Galatia, for telling them the truth, Gal. 4. 16. I King. 22. 8. Mr. Penry as well as Mr. Barrow, testified against Mr. Hildersham's ministry, which testimony I shall

easily

eafily prove he maintained to his cleath, as appeareth by the confeffion of his faith, his Letter to the Church at London he was a member of. 3. His Letter to his Wife, all written near that time of his death. In his Confestion he thus declareth himfelf : I deteft avainft the Pope, his triple crown, his usurped jurisdiction of either of both swords. I detest the limbs of that body, their spiritual power as Cardinals, Archbishops, Lord Bishops, Suffragans, Abbots, Friers, Deans ( this word Dean may vex the Dr. ) Arch deacons, Commiffaries, Officials, Monks, Canons, Prebends Priefts. Befides this teftimony, which is fufficient to prove the report falle Mr. Hilder fham raited against Mr. Penry, let me here add what Mr. Penry wrote to the Church at London whereof he was a member, in thete words, Beloved, let us think our lot and portion more than happy or bleffed, that now we are vouch afed the favour not only to know and profess, but also to suffer for the fine rity of the Gofpel: let us remember, that great is our reward in heaven, if we endure unto the end. I testifie unto you for mine own part, as I hall answer before Jefus ( brift and his elect Angels, that I never faw any truth more clear and undoubted than this witness wherein we stand, first, against false Offices. 2. Callings. 3. Works. 4 Maintenance left and retained in the Land; and 1 thank my God I am not only ready to be bound and banished, but even to dye in this cause by his strength. Yea, my brethren, I greatly long in regard of my felf, to be diffolved, and to live in the bleffed kingdom of heaven. Thus having from my heart with tears performed, it may be my last duty towards you all in this life, and remember to frand fat and fairhful in telus Christ, as you have received him unto your immortality; and confirm and establish you to the end, for the praise of his glory, Amen. The Ath of the 4th month, April, 1593. He fulter'd death May 24. next after.

Now if these be not, with his former testimonies, sufficient to clear Mr. Penry from the Desires calumniations, all written (we see) a little before his death; I shall add a third testimony, which as Solomon saith, a threefold cord is not easily broken; even the last words to his Wife, when close priloner, looking every day to be carried to the place of Execution, all in print presently after his death, and yet

to be feen at this day, in thefe words.

To my beloved Wife, Hellen of Penry, partaker with me in this life of the sufferings of the Gospel, in the kingdom and partience of Jesus Christ, and resting with me in undoubted hope of the glory that shall

be revealed; all frength, comfort, with all other fairitual bleffings, be maleiplied through Jelus Christ our Lord, I fee, my beloved, my blood is layed for, so my days and testimony is drawing to an end, for ought I know; and therefore you so dear a lifter, and so loving a wife in the Lord, as you have been unto me : first then I beseech you fand fall in the truth which you and I profess at this present in much outward discomfort and danger; let your foul and your body be fanfrom those Assemblies which yield either known or secret submission unto the ordinance of the beast; that is, to receive his marks e ther in the right hand, or in the forehead, as the Spirit of God Saith, Rev 12. 16. for this are you forbidden to do under the pain of Gods evernal wrath, Rev. 14. 9, 10, 11. 2 Cor. 6. 14, 15, 16. 1 Cor. 3. 16, 17. Rev. 22 18, 19. Deut 12, 10, 11, 12. Again, my beloved. continue a member of the boly society whereof you and I are, where the Lord in his Ordinances reigneth; for here, and in all such Affemblies the Lord dwelleth by his presence and power of his spirit, Mat-18. 2 mand 28. 29. and 29. 45 Lev. 26. 11, 12 here he is a mighty protestor and defence ready at hand, Ita 26. 1, and 4. 6. and his Ordinances you know bath he greatly commanded to be kept and observed, Pfal. 110. 14. 1 Cor. 11. 1. 1 Tim. 6, 14. and the loving-kindness of the Eternal is for ever and ever towards them and their feed that remember to do them, Mal. 103. 17, 18. whereas all those are accurfed that err from his statutes, and diminish from the obedience they owe unto bis Majefty, Plal. 119. 2. Rev. 22. 19. Plal. 119. 118. 1 pray you mark all thefe places, with all fuch like in the word against those that make a flight matter either to walk in the ways of God, or to be subject to small corruptions, as they account them. Be armed with the power of the word against all such lying delusions, 2 Cor. (. 14, 15: 2 Thef. 2. 95 In conclusion, my dear wife and lifter, look nist at any earthly thing ; consecrate your self wholly both body and soul. bushand, children, and what foever you have, unto the Lord your God, bet them not be dearer unto you than his wor hip and fervice ; know it, know it to be an unspeakable preferment for you that he wouch afed to take either your self or any of yours to Suffer affliction with him and his Gofpel berdon earth, Luke 8 29, 30. Mat. 10 29. I am per funaded that you have undergone the profession of the truth fet down by our Saviour, Luke 14. 26, 27. that is, to hate all in respect of his Goffel: fear not want of oneward things, for the Lord vareth for you and yours: remember what is fet down Heb. 1 1. 5. Luk. 12. 3 1. the Lord is my God, and yours, and the God of our feed. Thus with many fweer

fweet and heavenly admonitions and advice, he saith, I got means this day to write thus much unto you, whereof no creature knoweth: therefore in great haste, with many tears, yet in great spiritual comfort of soul, your huband now for a season, and your beloved brother for evermore John Penry, an unworthy soldier sure of the victory in the blood of the Lamb, 1 Cor. 15.57. Rev. 12. 11. Salute the whole Church from me, especially those in bonds, meaning those 56. members of the Church in London taken on a Lords day as they were serving God.

Now of the barbarous usage they sustained by the bishops, I shall after herein fet down word for word as themselves have declared in a Petition they presented then to the Parliament. In the mean time let me beseech the Christian Reader impartially to judg by this testi. mony of Mr. Penry left behind him, yet to be feen, though printed in the year he suffered, whether that Report the Doctor hath published to defame a worthy servant of Christ, for no other cause but because he as well as other of the Lords servants, contended against the ministry of lordly Prelates, not once named in Christs testament, and that Protest ants should not perswade themselves they were true worshippers of God, until they had expelled out from among them the many corruptions in ministry and ordinances; the neglect of which good work still calleth for the judgments of God to come on the Nation, as was in a fecond Warning piece a few months ago proved to be the chief cause still why God is bringing his severe judgments on these three Protestant Nations, presented to the late Parliament.

And now to add to all the former causes of Gods judgments threatned to follow Mr. Hildersham's sootsteps, the Doctor is not content to satisfie himself with that talse report, but to imitate him in publishing that scandalous name Brownist on all those people; unto which scandalous name, to them the Doctor his salse, or rather his malicious spirit, in taying Mr. Brown was one of those people, I shall here for the Readers satisfaction set down what Answer to this Mr. Johnson Pastor of the people, returned to Mr. Hildersham and Mr. Jacob, both the Bishops ministers. As sor the name Brownist by which we are reproached, the primitive Christians were by the Priests and Pharisees called a Sect of Nazarens, Assac 24. 5. every where spoken against, Asts the 28. 22. as at this day Protestants are by the Papists called Calvinists, Zuinglians, Heneyones.

"genots. 2dly, Mr. Brown from whom this by-word was taken, is "Minister of Mr. Jacob's Church, and so of Mr. Hildershams, all Ministers of the Church of England, and not of ours; yet holding, as we hear in his Judgment, the truth we proses, but for his practice in Worship, rem ineth still in Apostacy, wherein they are. So then, not we, but Mr. Jacob and Mr. Hildersham may, if any, be called Browniss. See Francis Johnson's Answer to Mr. Jacob, Intituled, A Treatise of the Church of England, page 2. And A Treatise of the Ministry of England, in Answer to Mr. Hilder-

fham, page 94.

Moreover, because Doctor Stilling fleet durft not in his Conscience fight against the Cause of God thele Servants of Christ maintained after the way of plain dealing, therefore fighteth covertly, under the Banner of other men, yet of the fame mind with himfelf; and among the many, Mr. Gifford another Minister of the Bishops making, whom he maketh one of his chief Armor-bearers (in this railing fight, Dragon like, with floods of reproaches against Gods Servants which keeps the Commandments of God, and have (in their Writings ) the Testimony of Jelus, Rev. 12. 16. And it was not fo bitter then, but it would be as bad now ( if the earth did not by more than by an ordinary providence help the Church, the Woman, Rev. 12. 15. ) Moreover, this man, the Doctor, as I remember, maketh no less than Eight times mention of Mr. Gifford, in Twelve Leaves of his Book, against the forenamed Christians, Now if he would have the world believe, that what Mr. Gifford hath wrote against them to be as Oracles, undeniable truths, furely I may, by the same Rule, desire all men likewise to believe that to be a truth what Mr. Gifford hath wrote against the Doctors Church and Ministry; and the rather to believe in the latter, because who can tell better the evil of their ways, than he who was a Bird in the fame Cage of confusion with them? Rev. 18. 2. 191 say

Mr. Giffords words are these; Through want and absence of a sincere Ministry, there is a slood of ignorance and darkness over-flowing the Land for the most part; the sear of God is banished from the greatest part: The wonderful heaps and piles of sin which should be washed away by the Word, do undoubtedly ery aloud in the ears of the Lord for vengeance upon the whole Realm. The Devil, saith he, is content those Preachers should ride upon his back, because he is sure they will spur-gaul him but a little; they be very gentle Riders. Do you not think, if they should set forth

Gods .

Gods word as they ought, and spread the Light, that all wicked men of which their Parifhes be full, would from and fret againft them? The Devil himfelf would fisk about if they four gail him but a little; but they can tell a smooth tail in the Pulpit, gar-'nished with some merry Story for to make the people merry, or 'alfe some old rotten Allegory or some far-fet matter out of some great Writer, that their people might be at their wits end to ad-"mire them: Aman would think to fee the neaple come out of the 'Church blowing, that they were fed as full as ticks, when they go home with empty Bellies : This I dare warrant you; if it be not fo lef me lose both my ears, go through the Parishes of these Learned Divines, and except such as fetch their Victuals otherwhere, we shall not find Five among Fine-frore able to understand the pecesiary grounds and principles of Religion ; y a, the people will fay, they be excellent deep men , but I love not those Wells that a man can draw no Water out of them : See Mr. Giffords Book Intituled Country Divinity, noted by Henry Ainsworth, in his Counterpoyfon, page 10D Thus it is to be hoped, it the Doctor cannot refute this Testimony, he will never hereafter freak against the forenamed Christians Testimony, which in this particular laid no other thing in effect, concerning the Dactors Church and Ministry, than Mr. Giffard did, amenia . Towanell (

Moreover, the Doctor is not fatisfied to fhoot his Arrows of bit: ter words against the Ancient Separation, but, through their fides, against all the Mondonformilts in this day, sayying attetheir, due birthrights and priviledges given them of God and man in freedom to ferve the Lord, astoney are inlightened; and if in any thing, as doubtlessmone but cometh thore anat perfect understanding in all things how they ought to welk with God, the Doctors duty was then to have by the evidence of Gods welter Mores whenever hey failed, in the spirito & Love to have better informed their vider Randings, and non as an svemy (tolkis diffention brethren as he calleth them.) to infinuate into the Migistrates miods, by publishing to the world othat Liberty of Concience hath occasioned the growth of Poperhan this Nations but how greatly hath the Do-Stors heartideceived him in this weith the former list not my judge ment only at that whet occasion of che growth of Popery is by rear fon of to miny confuguedas received in his Ministry and Worthip in his Church, as is noted in the Two Christian Warning pieces, one to the Kings the other to the late Parliament & but it is confirmed Gude

firmed by his Right hand man, and chief Armor hearer in this Battel against the Lords Servants, Mr. Gifford, in a Dialogue between, a Papist and a Protestant; in the Epistle Dedicatory, word for word thus set down by Henry Ainsworth in his Counterpoyson,

page Io.

Some do wonder how it should come to pass, that among us there should be so many, which being born since the Gospel was restored in this Land, are to zealously addicted to Popery which they never did know, and so utter animies to the Gospel which they hear; but if they weigh the cause of this deadly mischies; they would cease wondering, and rather wonder that there be no more. For how can it be, so long as there be so many abuses in the Ministry; but that many shall stumble and loads the Gospel? for some hence, as it is manifest, the chief cause of this evil dout spring.

True it is that our ministry dort fight against them, but in such fort that it doth greatly encreafe them feeming and pretending to tread upon these Cockatrice eggs for to break thesticand to destroy utterly the Viperous generation a when as indeed they fit upon them, and fo hatch the brood of this evil kind, and bring them forth in great plenty : for behold a number cry out against Popery, and proclaim utter defiance in fpeech sbut their doings are fuch that for every one they convert to the Golpely they caufe an hundred to revolt, to be hardned in their erpors's orto fall into flat Atheifm. while many contrary to the profession which they made when they entred, ferringiafide the care of foths not effecting non regarding what became of them; frudy mole how to climb hish and to facisfic their ambitious defires of honour, raking together Livings cover, oully and greedily, norcating who feed the flock for they may come by the fleece. Moreover the door hath been opened also to let into the Church a rout and fwarm of foth as and more like the priefts of Feroboam, than ministers of the Gotpel's hot only unlearned Idols, which have mouths and fpeak not; which being weary of their occupation, and cover to live eafily, and to that end entred; but also riotous, dicers, gamesters, quaffers, quarrellers, adulterers, and fuch like : if the matter were fecret, I frould do amis to make it manifelt; but when it is open in the fight and view of all men. who can complain juftly? marbling are in all bna accoppanist sets

Now let the Reader observe; thus saith the Apostle, If one of themselves, even a prophet of their own saith it, therefore this witness is orne, Tit. 17 12, 13. and indeed what have many of their mini-

fters faid less in the first and second admonition to the Parliament in the 12. year of O. Elizabeth's reign, 1530. p. 40. in these words. What encouragement and favour have they shewed the Papilts, when the Papifts have been complained upon ? how have they opened their ears (meaning the Bishops) to their complaints against the ministers, and shut their ears when the Papists have been complained upon? yea, some have faid, that conformable Papists were more tollerable than these Precisians and godly men that seek for Reformation: Who be their Chancellors but most suspected Papifts ? And where have they their most countenance, but of the Bishops? I hear not of one of them, but is a briber. Who be their Sumners, but very Varlets? What are their Canonists but fuspected Papifts? They wring their brethren if they be Gods children, and let the papifts go fcot-free, or be punished but lightly. And what more is expresly forbidden in the Scriptures. than those names and offices which Christ hath forbidden his ministers to be called, gracious Lords, Luke 21. 25. 28. and many fuch things worth the observing by all those that have the Book . by them.

Thus I hope it is sufficiently proved, that it is not liberty of conscience that is the cause Popery hath increased in this land, but the gross abuses in the Doctors Church and Ministry. Moreover, if the Lord of old was not against liberty of conscience in things Spiritual, who compelled not the Gibeonites, Hittites, Gergalhues, or unclean Maehites that lived in the Lords Land, to keep his Faft or Feaft, or to do any part of his worship by the Civil Sword, no more it is the mind of God under the Gospel, Josh. 16. 10. Lev. 15. 44. 2 Cor. 7. 8. neither could the Doctor have been fo ignorant of that, or so plain a Gospel doctrine, if his study were tpent as much in the book of God, as in History; for as much as Christ Telus, Creator and Lord of the whole earth, hath divided it freely to all Nations under the whole heavens, to dwell therein, and appointed the bounds of their habitations, Gen. 10. 32, Alts 17. 26. and accordingly Christ hath expounded the parable, that the field is the world, Mat. 13.38. wherein the good feed, children of the kingdom; and the tares, children of the wicked one, are allowed by Christ to grow together, though not in the Church. Mat. 18. 17. 1 Cor. s. Prov 28. 4, 5. Gen. 4. 6. Gal. 4. 30. but in the field (unless the Doctor thinks the whole world be the Church)

until the Harvest or end of the world; for the Lord doth cause his Sun to fhine on the evil and the good, and fendeth rain on the just and on the unjust: how then dare mortal man by perfecution debar his fellow creatures from the liberty given them of God, fo long as they do do to all men as they would have others do to them? but when they do otherwise contrary to the second table of Gods law. the Magistrate beareth not the fword in vain, Row. 13. 4. For he is the minister of God, a revenger, to execute torath upon him that doth evil: furely then it may be faid to fuch that feek to have their brethren perfecuted, they do therein as it were call for fire to come down from heaven to deftroy them, Luke o. 54. unto fuch Christ faith, they know not what spirit they are of: for who is be, O man, that maketh thee to differ from another? I Cor. 4. 7. or haft thou any good in thee fince thy fall, that thou haft not received? therefore man ought to know, that it is God only which per swaderb faphat to dwell in the tents of Shem, Gen. 9 27 fo that to force men to be religious before God giveth them faith, is to make a Church of hypocrites, fuch as all perfecuting spirits are; and this spirit was ever feen in Lordly Prelates and their accomplices, as by woful experience the fore-named Christians felt, whom the Dr. hath reproached; as it is to be feen in a Petition in Q. Elizabeths days they presented to the Parliament aforementioned, seafonable in this day for all Protofiants to be acquainted with, concerning the Bithops cruelty to the Nonconformifts then, that would neither touch. tall, nor handle any popili tradition or corruption either in Minifay or Worship. The Petition word for word as followeth.

The humble, most earnest, and lamentable Complaint and Supplication of the persecuted Church and Servants of Christ called Brownists.

THE most high God, possessor of heaven and earth, bringeth at this present before your Lordships and Wisdoms, Right Honourable, his own cause, his own people, and his own sworn and most treacherous enemies, together with the most shameful usage of his truth and servants, that ever hathobeen heard of in the days of Siene professed peace and tranquisity:

His cause and people he officeth unto your confideration and defence in our prosession and persons, his enemies and their outrage against against his truth and fervants in the persons and bloody proceedings

of the Prelates of the Land and their Complices.

We profess the same faith and truth of the Gospel which her Majesty and your Honours, the whole Land, and all the Reformed Churches under heaven this day do hold and maintain, we go beyond them, being our only fault even in the judgments of our tyrannical and most favage enemies, in the detestation of all Popery, that most fearful Antichristian Religion, and draw nearer in some points by our practice, unto Christs holy order and institution; this is our faith, this is our cause in our finful hands, and for the profesfion and maintenance of which faith, the forenamed enemies of God detain in their hands within the prisons about London, not to speak of other Gaols throughout the Land, about threescore and twelve persons, men and women, young and old, lying in cold, in hunger, in dungeons, in irons; of which number they have taken the Lords day last past, being the third of the fourth month 1592 about some 56. persons, hearing the word of God truly taught, praying and praising God for all his favours shewed unto us, and unto her Majefty, your Honours, and the whole Land, defiring our God to be merciful unto us, and to our gracious Princess and Countrey; being employed in these holy actions, and no other, as the parties who disturbed us can testifie : they were taken in the very same place where the persecuted Church and martyrs were inforced to use like exercise in Q. Maries days. The former number are now unbailably committed by the Prelates or bishop of London, into close, for the most, in several prisons, as Bridewell, the Clink, the Gatebouse, the Limbo or Dangeon in Newgate, the Fleet, the Marshalfey, the Counter, the White-Lyon: wherein we willing'y acknowledg the lot and inheritance in this life, of our forefathers, and brethren, and holy martyrs of the former age, and the entailed Aceldema, or blood fuccession of the See of London, and that whole Lineage. Well, here our brethren lye, how long Lord holy and true, thou knowest ! in dungeons, in hunger, in cold, and in nakedness, with all outward distresfes, for these bloody men will allow them neither meat, drink, fire, lodging, nor fuffer any whose hearts the Lord would ftir up for their relief, to have any access unto them, purposing belike to imprison them unto death, as they have done seventeen or eighteen others in the same noisome Gaols within these six years; the wife and husband now taken by them, they permit not to be in the fame, but.

but have fent them to be closely kept in other Prifons, what the poor Family doth at home in the mean time your Lordings may confider, and justly pity: Some of the Company had not one Peny about them when they were fent to Prison, nor any thing being abroad, which is the case of most of them, if not all, to procure themselves and their poor Families any maintenance, fave only their handy Labours and Trades; whereby it is come to pals, that these enemies of God, do not only starve and undo a number of men in Prisons, but even a lamentable company of poor Orphans and Servants abroad; their unbridled flanders, their lawless privy fearches, their violent breaking open and rifling our Houses, their lamentable and barbarous usage of Women and young Children in these hostile affaults. and ever robbing and taking away what foever they think meet from us. In this Cafe their unappeafed, merciles pursuit of us from our Houses, Trades, Wife and Children, especially from the holy Society of the Saints and Church of God, we are forced to omit. lest we should be over-tedious to your Lordships; but their dealings this way towards us is fo woful, Right Honourable, as we may truly demand, with grief of heart, whether the forreign enemy, or our own Native Country men do possess and bear Rule over us in our dear and native Country?

Their whole dealings herein is most barbarous, inhumane, but especially most Antichristian, and such as exceed the cruelty of Hear thens and Popish professed Tyrants and persecutors: The Records of the Heathen persecution under Nere, Trajan, Define, Gallianus, Maximinian, can scant afford us any examples of like cruelty and havock; for the Heathen Romans would murther openly and professedly; these godless men have put the blood of War about them in the Day of Peace and Truce, which the whole Land professeth to hold with Christ Jesus and his Servants. Bishop Bonner. Story, Weston dealt not after this fort, for those whom they committed close, they brought them in short space openly into Smithfield to end their milery, and to begin their never-ending joy; whereas Bishop Elmor, Doctor Stanhope, and Mr. Jufis Tong, with the rest of that perfecuting and blood-thirfly faculty, will do neither of these; no Fellon, no Murderer, no Traytor in the Land are thus dealt with. to office and femile for our farkers.

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There are many of us by the Mercies of God fill out of their hands; the former exercise and profession we purpose not to leave by the affiltance of God: We have as good warrant to reject the ordinances of Antichrift, and labour for the recovery of Christs Holy Ordinances, as our Fathers in Queen Maries days. If our Cause were truly known to her Majesty and your wisdoms, we should find greater favour than they did; whereas our state now is far more lamentable, and therefore we humbly and earneftly crave of her Majefty and your Lordships both, for our selves in miserable captivity, but just and equal tryal according to her Majesties Laws; if we prove not our Adversaries to be in a most pestilent and godless condition, both in regard of their offices and their proceedings in them, and our felves to be in the right way, we defire not to have the benefit of her Majefties true and faithful Subjects, which of all earthly favours, we account it to be one of the greatest. Are we Malefactors? are we anywife undutiful to our Prince? maintain we any errors ? Let us then be judicially convicted thereof, and delivered to the Civil Authority; but let not thefe bloody men, both accuse, condemn, and close murder us after this fort, contrary to all Law, Equity and Confcience, where alone they are the Plaintiff. the Accusers, the Judges and the Executioners of their most fearful, barbarous Tyranny.

They should not, by the Laws of the Land, go any further in cases of Religion, than their own Ecclesiastical censures, and then refer us to the Civil Powers; their fore-fathers, Gardener, Bonner, Story, dealt thus equally, and we crave but their equity. Oh! ler her excellent Majesty our Sovereign, and your wildoms, consider and accord unto this our just Petizion, for Areams of innocent blood are likely to be spilt in secret by these blood thirsty men, except her Majesty, and your Honours, do take order with their most

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cruel and inhumane proceedings.

We crave for all of us, but liberty either to dye openly, or to live openly in the Land of our Nativity; if we deserve death, it beseemeth the Magistrates of Justice not to see us closely murdered, yea, starved to death with hunger and cold, and fished in loathsom Dungeons: If we be guiltles, we crave but the benefit of our innotency, that we may have peace to serve our God and our Prince, in the place and sepulchers of our Fathers.

Thus protesting our Innocency, complaining of Violence and Wrong, and crying for Justice on the behalf, and in the name of

that Righteous Judge, the God of Equity and Justice, we continue our Prayers unto Him for her Majetty and your Honours, whose hearts we befeech him to incline towards this our most equal and just fuit, through Jefus Christ our Lord.

The condition of those poor Christians being to deplorable, some may marvel the Queen, so worthy a Princes, did not relieve them! But it is no marvel, when it is considered on the other hand, where the spiritual Lords, so called, bear sway in a Nation, no pity can be expected, or favour to Christs faithful Servants, that without respect to persons, worship God, and sprak his truth as it is in Jefus. But, God be thanked, their power hath been for many years abated, and we have feen the days of peace to worship God, which they whom the world was not worthy of longed to fee, and many of them obtained it not, but were taken away to a befter Faith, one Salvation, one Church, cal

inheritance, 1 Pet. V. 4.

These things duly weighed, the Christian Reader may fee what a perfecuting spirit these Lordly Prelates are of, and whether the Doctor is not of the fame, by all the symptoms of his Book; as in Herald founding before his Brethren and Roverend Fathers, what he hath longed to be at, were the Carpenter removed out of the way that hath frayed thort, Zach T. the Floris of their power, that as yet they cannot use like cruelry, and that measure their predecessours have done, as hatte been feen. Now why the Doctor hath incouraged himself in this evil work, to finite with the conglice Fer. 18. 18. or fift of wickednels, Ifa. 48.4 his diffenting Brethren, as he calls them, in this his Dragon-like War, by cafting but of his mouth, Rev. 12. 16. with Pfal. 69044, igo floods of me proacties against Gods faithful Servants, because they kepenthe Commandments of God; John 15. 94! and have the testimony of jesus, Rev. 12. 17 unles Deoglike, he hopeth, Phil 12.4, 70 to obtain more favour, or with Baalam, to gain fome greater promotion, Numb. 22. 37, than yet he hath, or rewards for his pains ! And is this the work of one that accountesh himself a Minister of the Coipel ? Surely it no whit agreet to the wort Coffel which fignifieth glad tidings of peace, as is the work of all brow Gofpel Min fteret faith Chriff, in hist first Sermon, Bleffell is the peace maker dyea, allo between man and man, even among bresheen how good it is! Pfal. 133. Thus ought no Christian to hate the person of his very enemy, much less whom Christ calleth his friends for doing

ing his Commandments, John 15. 14. And that thefe Christians whom the Doctor reproachfully calleth Brownists, were such, is evident by their Faith and Practice, in their description of the true visible Church of Christ, which the suffering Christians published to the world in the year 1589. as followeth word for word, taken out of their Printed Copy.

A true description out of the Word of God, of the visible Church.

As there is but (a) one God and Father of all, one Lord over all, and one Spirit; so is there but (b) one Truth, one Faith, one Salvation, one Church, called in one Hope, joyned in one Profession, guided by one (c) Rule, even the Word of the most high. (a) Genes. 1. 1. Exad. 20. 3. (b) 1 Tim. 2. 4. Phil. 1. 27. Ephes. 2. 18. John 8. 41. (c) Deut. 6. 25. Rom. 10.8. 2 Tim. 3. 15. Joh. 8. 51. 1 Joh. 2. 3, 4, &c.

This Church as it is univerfally understood, containeth in it all the elect of God that have been, are, or shall be : But being confidered more particularly, as it is feen in this present world, it confifteth of a company and fellowship of ( a) faithful and holy people (b) gathered in the name of Christ Jesus, their only (c) King, (d) Prieft, and (e) Prophet, (f) worshipping him aright, being (g) peaceably and quietly governed by his Officers and Laws, (b) keeping the unity of faith in the bond of peace and (i) love unfained. (6) Gen 17. 1 Pets 1. 2. Rest 7. 9. 1 Cor. 10. 3. Joh. 117.10,20: (b) Pfal, 111. 1. and 140. 1. Ifa, 62.12. Epbef. 1. 1. 1 Cor. 1. 2. Deut. 14. 2. (c) Deut. 12.5. Joh. 6.37. and 3. 14. and 12. 32. Luk. 17. 37. (d) Gen. 44. 10. Pfal- 45.6. Zach 9.9. Heb. 1.8. (8) Rom, 8. 34. Joh. 17. Heb. 5.9. and 8. 1. and 4. 14. (f) Deut. 18.14. Matt. 17. 5. Heb. 1. 2. Gen. 14. 18. (g) Exed. 20.4, 5,6, 7, 8. Lev. 10. 5. Joh. 4.23. (h) Matt. 11. 29. 1 Cor. 11. 16. Mark 13. 34. Rev. 22. 9. (i) Ephef. 4. 3. 1 Cor. 1. 13. Mark 9.50 John 13, 34. 1 Cor. 13.4. 1 Pet. 1.22. Tolon 3 . 18 . d or milli 10 ch leie whom Chrift colleth his triends for on-

Most (a) joyful, excellent and glorious things, are every where in the Scriptures spoken of this Church. It is called the (b) City, (c) House, (d) Temple, and (e) Mountain of the Eternal God: the (f) Chosen Generation, the Holy Nation, the peculiar People, the (g) Vineyard, the (h) Garden enclof d, the Spring thut up, the fealed Fountain, the Orchard of Pomgranates with fweet fruits, the (i) heritage, the (k) Kingdom of Christ: yea, his (1) Sister, his Love, his Spoule, his (m) Queen, and his (n) Body, the joy of the whole Earth. To this tociety is the ( ) Covenant and all the Promifes made of (p) Peace, of Love, and of (q) Salvation, of the (r) Presence of God, of his Graces, of his Power, and of his (f) Protection. (a) Pfal 87. 3. (b) Ibid. (c) 1 Tim. 3: 15. Heb. 3.6. (d) 1 Cor. 3.17. (e) Ifa. 2. 2. Micah 4. 1. Zach. 8 3 (f) 1 Per 2, 9 m (g w Ifal grille and 27.2 (b) Song 4.12. Ifa. 51. 3. (i) Ifa. 19.25. (k) Wicha. 5. 2. Mattag. 2. Joh. 3. 5. (1) Song. 5. 2. (m) Pfal. 45. 9. (n) 4 Cor. 22. 27. Ephel. 1, 23. (0) Gal. 4. 28. Rom. of 24. (p) Pfal. 147. 14. 2 Thef. 3. 16. (9 Ifa. 46. 13. Zach. 14.17. (r) Ifa 60. Exech. 47. Zach, 4. 12. (1) Exech. 48. 25 Matt. 28. 20. 1/4. 62.

Thus they orderly proceed to Ordinition i And furely if this Church be confidered in her parts, it shall appear most beautiful, yea, most wonderful, and even (4) ravishing the fenfes to conceive, much more to behold, what then to enjoy to bleffed a Communion! For behold, her (b) King and Lord is the King of Peace, and Lord himself of all Glory. She enjoyeth most holy and heavenly ( c ) Laws, most faithful and vigilant (4) Paftors, most fincere and pure (e) Teachers, most careful and up right (f) Governors, most diligent and trusty (g) Deacons, most loving and sober (b) Relievers, and a most (i) humble, meek, obedient, faithful, and loving people, every (k) ftone lig ving, elect and precious, every stone hath his beauty, his (1) burden, and his (m) order. All bound to (n) edific one another, exhort, reprove, and comfort one another ( ) lovingly as to their own members, ( ) faithful as in the eyes of God. (a) Song 6. 4, 9. (b) 1/a. 62.11. Joh. 12, 15. Heb. 2. 7, 8. (c) Matt. 11. 30. 1 John 5. 30 m(d) Ephef. 4. 11. Ads 20. (e) Rom. 12. 7. (f) 1 Cor. 12. 20 Rom. 12.8. (g) Acts 6. (b) Rom. 12.8. (i) Matt. 19. 5 Ezec. 36. 38. Ifa: 60. 8. Dent. 18. 9-13. (k) 1 Pet. 2. 5. 1 King. 7.9. Zach. 14.21. (1) Gel. 6.2. (m) 1 Cor.

12. Rom. 12. 3, &cc. (n) Heb. 10.24. (o) Lev. 19. 17. 1 Thef.
4. 9. (p) Col. 3. 23. 1 Jahr. 3. 20. 1 to colout sentral sett at

No (a) Office here is ambitiously affected, no (b) Law wrong-fully wrested or (c) wilfully neglected, no (d) Truth hid or perverted, (e) every one here hath freedom and power (not disturbing the peaceable order of the Church) to utter his complaints and griefs, add freely to reprove the transgression and errors without exception of pessons (a) 2 for 2 17 3 folm 9 (b) 1 Time 4 2 3 and 5 2 1 and 6 14 Gal. 6 12 (c) 1 Coreg. (d) Fer. 23. 18: 1 Time 3. 15. (e) 1 Core 6. and 14. 30. Col. 4. 17.

There is no ( ) introlion or climbing up another way into the fficepfold, than (b) by the holy and free election of the Lords how by and free people, and that according to the Lords Oddinance, humbling themselves by fasting and prayer before the Lord, craving the direction of his holy Spirit, for the trial and approving of Gifts, Ge. (a) Joh. 10. 1. (b) Alts (1, 23. and 6, 3. and 14.23.

Thus they orderly proceed to Ordination by fasting and prayer, in which (a) action the Apostles used laying on of hands. Thus hath every one of the people interest in the election and ordination of their Officers, as also in the administration of their Officers, upon (b) transgression, officere, abuse, ore having an especial care unto the inviolable order of the Church, as is aforesaid and (a) 17 and (b) Luk 17. 3. Rom 16. 17 Col. 4.17.

Likewise in this Church they have holy (a) Lavis, as limits and bonds, which it is lawful at no hand to transgress. They have have to direct them in the choice of every Officer, what kind of menther Lord will have. Their Pastour must be apt to (b) teach, no young Schollar, (c) able to divide the word aright, (d) holding saft that saithful word, according to Doctrine, that he may be able also to exhort, rebuke, improve with wholsom Doctrine, and to convince them that say against it? He must be (a) a man that loveth good neigh he must be wile, highteous, holy, temperate; he must be delile unreprovables as Gods Steward; he must be generally well reported of, and one that ruleth his own houshould under obtdi-

ence with all honefty; he must be modest, humble, meek, gentle and loving; he must be a man of great (f) patience, compassion, labour and diligence; he must always be careful and watchful over the flock whereof the Lord hath made him overfeer, with all willingness and chearfulness, not holding his effice in respect of persons, but doing his duty to every soul, as he will answer before the chief Shepherd, &c. (a) Mate. 5, 10. 1 Tim. 1. 18. (b) Deut. 33. 16.

Mal. 2. 7. 1 Tim. 3. 1, &c. (c) 2 Tim. 2. 151 (d) Tie. 19.

2 Tim. 4. 2. (e) Tit. 1. 7, 8. (f) Numb. 12, 3, 7 Ifa. 50. 4, 5, 6. Jer. 3. 15. Ezek. 34. 18. Alts 20. 1 Pet. 5. 1, 2, 3, 4.

1 Tim. 5, 2.1.

Their Doctor or Teacher must be a man apt to teach, able to divide the Word of God aright, and to deliver found and wholesom Doctrine from the same, still building upon that sound groundwork; he must be mighty in the Scriptures, able to convince the gainsayers, and careful to deliver his Doctrine pure, sound and plain, not with curiosity or affectation, but so that it may edifie the most simple, approving it to every mans Conscience; he must be of life unreprovable, one that can govern his own houshold, he must be of many ners sober, temperate, modest, gentle and loving, eve. 11 Time 3.

Titus 1. 2 Tim. 2. 15. 1 Cor. 17. and 2. 4.

Their Elders must be of wisdom and judgment endued with the Spirit of God, able to discern between cause and cause, between plea and plea, and accordingly to prevent and redress evils, always vigilant and intending to see the Statutes, Ordinances, and Laws of God kept in the Church, and that not only by the people in obedience but to see the Officers do their duties. These men most be of life likewise unreprovable, governing their own families orderly, they must be also of minners sober, gentle, modest, loving, temperate, &c. Numb. 11, 24, 25, 2 Chron. 19, 8, Asts 15, 17 m.
3, and 5, chap.

Their Deacons must be men of honest report, having the mystery of the saith in a pure conscience, endued with the Holy Ghost, they must be grave, temperate, not given to excess, nor to filthy fucte.

Alts 6. 3. 1 Tim. 3. 8, 9.

Their Relievers, or Widows, must be women of Sixty years of age at the least, for avoiding of inconveniences; they must be well reported of for good works, such as have nowished their Children, such as have not been harbarous to Strangers, diligent and kerviceable to the Saints, compassionate and helpful to them in adversity, given

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to every good work, continuing in supplications and prayers night and day. It Tim. 5. 9, 10.

These Officers must first be duely proved, then if they be found

blameless, administer, &c. 1 Tim. 3.10.

Now as the persons, gifts, conditions, manners, life, and proof of these Officers is ser down by the Holy Ghost; so are their Offices

limited, severed, and divers. 1 Cor. 12. 12, 18, 28:

The Pastours office is, to feed the sheep of Christ in green and wholesom pastures of his Word, and lead them to the still waters, even to the pure Fountain and River of life. He must guide and keep those sheep by that heavenly sheephook and pastoral staff of the Word, thereby drawing them to him, thereby looking into their souls, even into their most secret thoughts: Thereby discerning their diseases, and thereby curing them; applying to every disease a fit and convenient medicine, and according to the quality and danger of the disease, give warning to the Courch, that they may orderly proceed to excommunication. Further, he must by this his sheephook watch over and defend his slock from ravenous beasts and the Wolf, and take the little Foxes, &c. Psal. 23.

Lev. 10. 10, 11. Numb. 18. 1. Ezek 44. 23, and 33, and 34. Job. 21. 15. Asts 20. 28. 1 Pet. 5, 1-4 Zacb. 11. 7. Rev. 22. 2. Luk, 12. 42. 2 Cor. 10. 4, 5. Heb. 4. 12. John 10. 11, 12. Song. 2. 15.

The Doctors Office is already fet down in his description: His special care must be, to build upon the only true groundwork, gold, silver, and precious stones, that his work may endure the trial of the fire, and by the light of the same tire, reveal the Timber, Hay and Stubble of talte Teachers: he must take diligent heed to keep the Church from errors. And surther, he must deliver his Doctrine so plainly, simply and purely, that the Church may increase with the increasing of God, and grow up unto him which is the Head, Christ Issue 1 Cor. 3. 11, 12. Levit. 10. 10: Ezek. 33. 1, 2, &c. and 44. 24. Mal. 2. 6. 1 Cor. 3. 11. 1 Cor. 1. 17. 1 Tim. 4. 16. and 6. 20. Epbel. 2. 20. Heb. 6, 4. 2 Pet. 2. 2.

The Office of the Ancients is expressed in their description: Their especial care must be, to see the Ordinances of God truly taught and practised, as well by the Officers in doing their duty uprightly, as to see that the people obey willingly and readily. It is their duty to see the Congregation holily and quietly ordered, and no way disturbed by the contentious and disobedient, froward and obsti-

nate; not taking away the liberty of the least, but upholding the right of all, wifely judging of times and circumstances. They must be ready affistants to the Pastor and Teachers, helping to bear their burden, but not intruding into their Office. Numb. 11.16. Deut. 1.13. and 16.18. 2 Chron. 19.8. Exod. 39.42. 1 Tim. 3.15. 2 Tim. 1.13. 1 Cor. 11.16. and 14.33. Gal. 2.4, 5, 14. Col. 4. 16, 17. Act. 20. 1. Pet. 5.1. Rom. 12.8.

The Deacons office is, faithfully to gather and collect by the ordinance of the Church, the goods and benevolence of the faithful, and by the fame direction diligently and truftily to distribute them according to the necessity of the Saints. Further, they must enquire and consider of the proportion of the wants both of the Officers and other poor, and accordingly relate unto the Church, that

provision may be made. Acts 6. Rom. 12. 8.

The Relievers and Widows office is, to minister to the sick, lame, weary and diseased, such helpful comforts as they need, by watching, tending and helping them: Further, they must shew good example to the younger Women, in sober, modest and godly conversation, avoiding idleness, vain talk, and light behaviour. Rom.

12. 8. 1 Tim. 5, 9. &c.

These Officers, though they be divers and several, yet are they not severed, less there should be a division in the body; but they are as members of the body, having the same care one of another, jointly doing their several duties to the service of the saints, and to the edification of the Body of Christ, till we all meet together in the persect measure of the sulness of Christ, by whom all the Body being in the mean while thus coupled and knit together by every joynt for the surniture thereof, according to the effectual power which is in the measure of every part, receiveth increase of the Body, unto the edifying of it self in love; neither can any of these Offices be wanting, without grievous lameness, and apparent deformity of the Body, yea, violent injury to the Head Christ Jesus. Luke 9 46, 47, 48. John 13. 12-17. 1 Cor. 12. 12, 25, 28. Eph. 4. 11, 12, 13, 16.

Thus this holy Army of Saints is marshalled here in earth by these Officers, under the conduct of their glorious Emperor CHR(ST, that victorious Michael. Thus it marcheth in this most heavenly order, and gracious array, against all enemies both bodily and ghostly: peaceable in itself as Jerusalem; terrible to the enemy as an Army with Banners; triumphing over their tyranny with

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patience, their cruelty with meekness, and over Death it self with dying. Thus through the blood of that spotless Lamb, and that Word of their Testimony, they are more than Conquerors, brufing the head of the Serpent: yea, through the power of his Word, they have power to cast down Satan like lightning; to tread upon Serpents and Scorpions; to cast down strong holds, and every thing that exalteth it self against God. The Gates of Hell, and all the principalities and powers of the world shall not prevail against it. Rom. 12. 1 Cor. 12. Rev. 14. 1, 2. Song 6. 3. Rev. 12. 11. Luke 10. 18, 19. 2 Cor. 10 5. Mat. 16. 18. Rom. 8. 38, 39.

Further, He hath given them the keys of the Kingdom of Heaven, that whatsoever they bind on earth by his Word, shall be bound in Heaven; and whatsoever they loose on Earth, shall be loosed in

Heaven. Mat. 16. 19. John 20. 23. Mat. 18. 19.

Now this power which Christ hath given unto his Church, and to every member of his Church to keep it in order, he hath not lest it to their discretions and lusts to be used or neglected as they will, but in his last Will and Testament he hath set down both an order of proceeding, and an end to which it is used. Mat. 16. 16, 19. and 18. 15, 16, 17, 18. and 28. 20. Deut. 12. 31, 32. Rev. 22.

18, 10.

If the fault be private, holy and loving admonition and reproof is to be used, with an inward desire and earnest care to win their Brother; but if he will not hear, yet to take two or three other brethren with him, whom he knoweth most meet for that purpose, that by the mouth of two or three witnesses, every word may be confirmed: And if he resuse to hear them, then to declare the matter to the Church, which ought severely and sharply to reprehend, gravely to admonish, and lovingly to perswade the party offending; shewing him the heinousness of his offence, and the danger of his obstinacy, and the fearful judgments of the Lord. Lev. 19. 17, 18.

Mat. 18. 15. Dent. 19. 15. Mat. 18. 16.

All this, notwithstanding the Church is not to hold him as an enemy, but to admonish him and pray for him as a Brother, proving if at any time the Lord will give him repentance: For this power is not given them to the destruction of any, but to the edification of

all. 2 Thef. 3. 15. 2 Cor. 10. 8. and 13. 10.

If this prevail not to draw him to repentance, then are they in the Name and Power of the Lord JESUS with the whole Congregation, reverently in prayer to proceed to excommunication, that is, unto the casting him out of their congregation and sellowship, covenant and protection of the Lord, for his disobedience and obstinacy, and committing him to Satan for the destruction of the self, that the Spirit may be saved in the day of the Lord Jesus, if such be

his good will and pleasure. Mat. 18.17. 1 Cor. 5.11.

Further, They are to warn the whole Congregation and all other faithful, to hold him as a Heathen and Publican, and to abstain themselves from his society, as not to eat or drink with him, &c. unless it be such as of necessity must needs, as his Wise, his Children, and Family; yet these (if they be members of the Church) are not to joyn to him in any spiritual exercise. Mat. 18.17. 1 Cor. 5.11.

If the offence be publick, the party is publickly to be reproved and admonished; if he then repent not, to proceed to excommunication, as aforesaid.

1 Tim. 5. 20. Gal. 2. 14. Fos. 7. 19.

2 Cor. 7.9.

The repentance of the party must be proportionable to the offence, viz. If the offence be publick, publick; if private, private; humbled, submissive, forrowful, unseigned, giving glory to the Lord. Lev. 19. 17, 18. Prov. 10. 12. Rom. 12. 19. and 13.

10. and 14.1.

There must great care be had of admonitions, that they be not captious or curious, finding fault where none is, neither yet in bitterness or reproach; for that were to destroy and not to save our Brother: but they must be carefully done, with prayer going before, they must be seasoned with truth, gravity, love and peace.

Mat. 18. 15. and 26. 8. Gal. 6. 1, 2, 2 Tim. 2. 24. Mark 9. 50.

Ephes. 4. 29 James 5. 15, 19, 20.

Moreover, in this Church is an especial care had by every member thereof, of offences; the strong ought not to offend the weak, nor the weak to judge the strong: but all graces here are given to the service and edification of each other in love and long suffering.

Luke 17. 1. Prov. 10. 12. Rom. 14. 13, 19. Gal. 6 2.

In this Church is the Truth purely taught, and surely kept; here is the Covenant, the Sacraments and Promises, the Graces, the Glory, the Presence, the Worship of God, &c. Gen. 17. Lev. 26. 11, 12. Isa. 44. 3. Gal. 4. 28. and 6. 16. Isa. 60. 15. Deut. 4. 12, 13. Isa. 56. 7. 1 Tim. 3. 15. Isa. 12. 8.

Into this Temple entreth no unclean thing, neither whatfoever worketh abominations or lies, but they which are written in the

Lambs Book of life. Ifa. 62. 1. Exek 44. 9. Ifa. 35. 8. Zach 14. 21. Rev. 21. 27.

But without this CHURCH shall be Does, and Enchanters, and Whoremongers, and Murderers, and Idolaters, and wholoever loveth and maketh lies. Rom. 2. 9. Rev 22. 15.

Now I leave the prudent to judge whether the Doctor be a friend or an enemy to Christs Truth and holy order of worship, and also to his Servants, by calling their Books or Writings feditious; therefore it is high time for the Doctors followers to beware of fuch a guide for their fouls. Yea, and whether fuch a man can be reputed a Christian, that calleth the way of Gods Worship, so agreable to Christ's last Will and Testament, seditious? Yea, I say it is time, as they tender their Souls eternal happiness, to examine their prefent state in worship to God, and measure the same by the golden feed of Gods Word, Rev. 11. 1. to fee if it agree to the description of the vilible Church aforesaid, collected out of the holy Scripture, both in the Ministry, Ordinances and Order, as Christ Jesus hath appointed; and for the better observation in every particular, and fundamental grounds therein, to note thefe four things:

1st. As every building must have a foundation, so every true Church must have Christ for the foundation thereof, 1 Cor. 3. 11.

Mat. 16. 18.

2 dly. The instrument in this building must be the written Word of God, to wit, the Doctrine of the Apostles and Prophets. 2. 20.

3dly The matter in this building must be visible Saints, 1 Cor. 1.2. 4thly. The way to begin this building must be answerable to the figurative building of Tabernacle and Temp'e, that were built of the

choicest things, and costly, 1 Kings 5. 17.

Even fo, answerable hereunto, the spiritual Temple was built of elect, precious, living stones, 1 Per. 2. 5. as was foretold in the Prophets, I will lay thy stones with fair colours, and thy foundation with faphire, and all thy borders with pleafant stones, Ifa. 54.11. 6.17,21.

2. As the materials of the Temple and Tabernacle were all made fit before they were joyned together, fo that there may be neither Hammer, 1 Kings 6.7. nor any tool of Iron heard in the building. Even fo in the spiritual, John first preached in the Wilderness, fitting and squaring a people by the Ax of Gods Word; so that the crookedness by nature in Gods Elect, was made ftraight; and the rough

rough places plain, Isa. 40 3. Mat. 3, 3. by being made new, creatures, 2 Cor. 3. 17. born again, 10 made fit for the Kingdom of God, John 3. 5. And this was Gods way in Grace and Nature in all the Apostles, the wite Master-builder, first in the Wilderness of the wold by the Preaching the Word to convince, and by it the Lord converting, and then by voluntary profession (not by might or power of man, Zach 4 6.) but by the Spirit of God were they joyned together, by the Covenant of Grace in Christ, with him their Lord spiritual, Head and Husband of the Body, the Church. For so it is written, As a young man marrieth a virgin, so shall thy sons marry thee, Isa. 62. 5. 2 Cor. 11. 2. Acts 2. 45. And thus saith the Scriptures, Prepare thy work without, make it sit for thy self in the field; and after build thine honse, Prov. 24. 27.

But how contrary to this heavenly pattern was the Doctors. Church conflituted in every part, the examiner may see, if it were not too long here to insert; but I refer the Reader to Henry Ainsworth's Counterpoison, page 205. 127. comparing therewith Mr. Fox's Alts and Monuments, Edit. 5. page 1187. 1190. 1184. and for noting these and such-like things of the Doctors Church and Ministry, the D. Stor bespattereth Mr. Ainsworth in his Book with Words; so that like Ishmael, his hand is against every good Christi-

an, Gen. 16. 12.

Moreover, though the beginning of this spiritual building afore. faid, it is but small compared to a grain of Mustard-feed, Mat. 13. 31. the day of small things, Zech. 4. 10. yet not to be despised, if but two or three are gathered together in Christs name which is his Law, Ifa. 42. 4. Mat. 12.21. in the holy order of his Gospel, to worship God by Christs direction, they have the promise of Gods presence to be with them, Mat. 18, 20, fo waiting on the Lord, until he multiply them to be not a few, Fer- 30, 19, even like the flock of his pasture, Ezek. 14.31. Acts 2.47. So that then out of themselves the Lord hath given them direction to chuse fome into the office of Paftor and Teacher, with Elders and Deacons as aforeshewed in the description of the true Church; unto which Assembly thus gathered together in holy order, Christ Jesus is their Prophet represented ( in the offices of Pastor and Teacher, together with the membral right of the men-members in Prophesie by the word taught among them ) that they may differn fin, Rom. 7. 7. and righteousness, Phil. 3. 9. 2dly. Christ is a Priest unto them, working upon the will and affections, killing them a facrifices, Hele Heb. 9. 11. Rom. 12. 1. that so a reasonable creature, by the operation of true faith, may be given up to God in his service, Joh. 4.23. 3dly. Christ is a King to them, Pfal. 2.6. by his power, Phil. 2.5. that the word taught by prophecy, and applied by priesthood, may be walked in, Col. 2.6. by a holy life and convertation, 1 Per. 1.15. and the whole Church preserved from all adverse power of Sin, the World and the Devil; and after this manner (seeing Christs Kingdom is not of this world, John 18.36.) must be reign in the Church, until he hath put all his enemies under

his feet, Rev. 19. 16. 1 Cor. 15. 25.

Now it is evident that the Communion in the Doctors Church is not in this way and order of God; the men of his Clergy will anfwer him in their fecond admonition to the Parliament, page 40. in the 13th year of Queen Elizabeths Reign in the year 1570, who have thus written, We are so scarce come to the outward face of a Church rightly reformed, that although some truths be taught by some Preachers, yet no Preachers may, without danger of the Laws, meter all the Truths comprised in the Book of God; it is so circumvented and wrapt within the compass of such Statutes, such Penalties, such Advertisements, such Articles, such Canons, such sober Caveats, and such manifold Pamphlets, that in a manner, if it doth but peep out behind the skreen, the Laws of the Land, the Book of Common prayer. the Commissioners Advertisements, the Bishops Canons, Linwood's Provincials, every Bishops Articles in his Diocess, my Lord of Canterbury's fober Caveats, I'm Licenses to Preachers, his high Court of Prerogatives, or grave fatherly faculties; thefe together, or the worft of them, as some of them be too bad, may not be broken or offended against, but with more danger than to offend against the Bible: To these subscribing, and subscribing again, and the third time subscribing are required; for these Preachers and others are inditted, are fined, are imprisoned, are excommunicated, are banished, or have some worse things threatned them; and the Bible, that must have no further scope than by these it is assigned. Is this to profes Gods Word? Is this Reformation?

Thus was fulfilled what was written under the names of Four evil Angels, who should hinder the winds of Gods Spirit so much as in them lay, that the true Preaching of the Gospel should not blow upon any Tree, Mar. 3. 10. Lnk. 6. 43, 44, 45. contrary to Cant. 4. 10. yet as the Word of God cannot be bound, Ifa. 55.11, there still was by the breathing thereof, John 3. 8. a remnant of

fancti-

functified ones, Preceding becomes, who lived and reigned with Chief by faith, over Sin, the Model and the Devil. all the sine of

the beafts roign/ Revi 20 4000 asw as quilitow men in the analy fuch that defired to walk with Christian his Commands, in worthip, and sefuled only the inventions of men therein ? If he bath done this in blind zeals in ignorance as did Sient; If with him he belong to Gods election, Dom: 11; 4, where may be hopes, that as God did change Saul's heate from the fymptoms of the Letters to his name, which fignified mortal, fo perfecuted he the Saints to death, Allen, 48. and o 1,2. Likewife Pontion Pilate, the first part of tris name fignified cruel or inhumane, the other part, Pilate, fignifying, another Armed with a Roman Dare ; fo was his nature, Obrift inflering under the Roman power; was killed by the Date of Pilate fentence, he being Jodge. So likewife the drawn Swords of bitter words, Pfal, 44. 2. against Mr. Barrow and others, then Prisaners in the Fleet, is the first part of the Doctor's name, through whose sides the Doctor ftilb (hootesh them against all the Nonconformits, to the end he might have them Still-in fleet, the natural fenfe of atmost every letter of his mame & which Tuiteth with the fruits of his nature, until God giveth him a heart of true repentance, 2 Tim 2. 24, 26. that to he no longer halt between two opinions, holding the Popish office of a Dean; and so fight against all time Protestants that shall bear their testimony against it, and all such like Titles, with mens Traditions in Protestant Churches; and on the other hand would feem to fight against the Papists: Surely this man is no Caleb nor Johna in following the Lord fully, but like the man in the Gospel that desireth to know what he should do to inherit eternal life; yet can go no further than he can keep his revenues of great poffestions. ir i will the Candle free Kry

Now if Balans cold not cozen the Lord, to prevail by his Altar and Sacrifices against Gods people, no more shall the Doctor with all his bowing, as some of his Glergy have been said to have done, and so think thereby to prevail against the Lords people, no sure.

Now who may without partiality, be accounted the most truest Protestants, but those that walk with Christ, the most nearest to the Rules of his Gospel? And is not for sa doing, that these Christians aforenamed are hated by the Doctor? I'll leave the prudent to judge, and the Doctor to show the contrary if he can. And wherefore are the Judgments of God threatned against this Protestant

flant Nation, but for the perfecuting, and so make a prey of those that depart from iniquity, and bearing their testimony against all mans inventions in worship, as was signified in a Warning-piece to the King last April, 1680, and another to the late Parliament; both to be had where this is sold, published by the same Author.

Moreover, is this a day for the Doctor to give incouragement to the Magistrate, to perfecute their loyal Subjects, for matters of Religion? No fure, he should have looked to the state of his flock. and fee how it is commingled with all forts of people, as Mr. Gifford aforesaid hath testified; when as God hath shew'd his Ministers. that their Work was to put a difference between the holy and prophane, the clean and the unclean; and for the neglect thereof they were charged with violating Gods Law, Ezek. 22. 26. (unless the Doctor think there is no unclean visible wicked liver in his Parish. Again, faith the Lord to the Prophet Feremiah, If thou take the precious from the vile, thou shalt be as my mouth; let them return to thee, but return not thou to them, Ter 15 19. Even so under the Gofpel are the godly forbidden to partake with other mensi fines. 1 Tim. 2. 22. becaule in fperitual Communion, a little Leaven leaveneth the whole lump, 11 Cor. 5.6. Gal. 5 9. Numb. 10, 22. So one finner fuffered unpunished, not only destroyeth much good. Prov. 8. 9. but bringeth that City or Church into a fnare, Ecclef. 9. 18. As Foshuah faid to Ifrael, If ye rebel, the Lord will be wrath with the whole congregation, Johna 22. 18. What need then have all that have taken charge of the Souls of a Flock or People, that if they negled to put Gods Order, Mat. 18. 1 Cor. 5. Lev. 10. 10. in practice, to punish by the Churcheensures all obstinate sinners, God will not only requite it at their hands, Ezekiel 3. 17. 18. and 33. 7 Heb. 13. 17. Att. 20. but for the neglect hereof he will renounce that Churches Candleftick, Rev. 2. 5. fo fight against them v. 16, and caft them into a bed of great tribulation, Tob 33. sor Rev 2. 2. and fpue them utterly from him; fo that the remnant of Gods marked, sealed ones, known to be such by their departing from iniquity, shall walk with Christ in white, for they are worthy, Rev. 2. 4. 2 Tim. 2. 19. Ezek o 4. Rev. 7. 3ed when the other that will not be admonished, the Lord daith ou them: I bave left my heritage. I have given the dearly beloved of my foul into the bands of her enemies, Jer. 11. 14. and 12.7. For their inventions have I cast them out of my house, Holea g. s. and have abhorned the excellency of Jacob, and bate all his palaces; Amos 6, 8. for the

Lord is of purer eyes than to have fellow so with the throne of iniquity; he hath chosen Zion for his dwelling, Plal. 132.13, 14. Heb.
12.22. Rev. 14. I. his way is holy in all the parts of his service, so that the polluted must not knowingly dwell there, Isa. 35.8. because they desile the holy things of God, Lev. 22, 3. therefore God will be sanctified in all that draw near to him in his saine, 500 and Lev. 1013. for as much as holiness becometh his house for ever, Pfal. 03. 5. Now if the Doctor cannot see these things, and what a consusion there is, which hath caused a great many to separate from his Church for want of Gods Order in it, let him not despite counsel, seeing he that resuleth instruction despiteth his own Soul,

And laftly, Seeing we are fallen into the last and perilous times, what man of them that hath any thing in him of the Spirit of a Chriftian, but would make it his greatest work to use the uttermost of his endeavours to unite the hearts of one Protestant to another, in the many differences in point of Religion, that to as brethren they may withstand the common Enemy, even Gog and Magor, the Turk and Papifts, the last enemies of Gods people, who like unto the apo-State and heathen Nations, Pfal. 8. fay, Come let us cut them off from being a nation, that the name of Israel may be had no more in remembrance. And is not this the figns of the times, when the Turk and Papift are by fea and land compaffing the camp of the Saints about in number, like the Canaanites Army, Johna 11.4. as the fand on the shore, whom God may suffer to prevail for the sins of his people, until he hath refin'd them through the fire of affliction, Zach. 1 4. 0. fo melting the drofs from the filver; yet in the end the rod shall be broken, Ifa. 10. 5, 24, 25. Pfal. 125.3. that so they that lead into captivity, shall go into captivity; and they that kill with the fword, shall be killed with the fword, Rev. 13. 10. and be mad with forrow enough, to fay with that Heathen King Adonibezeck, who caused threescore and ten Kings to gather meat under his Table, having their right thumbs and toes cut off, As I have done, God both requited me, Judge 1. 7. If not this way, because the time draweth nigh of Christscoming to judgment, then fire shall come down from heaven and devour them, Rev. 20, 9. yea, fo shall Christ come in flaming fire, taking vengeance on them that know not God, and that obey not the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ, 1 Thef. 1. 8, 0, 10. in the mean time let all perfecutors read their portion, Matt. 25. 41. Rev. 14.9, 10, 11. and 19. 20. and 21. 8,

And

And laftly, If this way of plain dealing liketh not the Doctor, I cannot help it ; for with Elibe I have learned not to flatter, Job 32. 22. nor as fome men defire to be smoothed in their finful ways, Ifa. 10. 10. but as the wife man faith, open rebuke is better than fecret love, Prov. 27. 4. for who could fleep filent, to fee his brethren that are now at reft in the Lord, defamed, when as the Lord faith, the memory of the just is bleffed, Prov. 10. 7. and they fhall be ball in everlafting remembrance, Pfal. 112.6. whose labours shine in the world as a comfort to the Lords people when revived, though the fame be a terror to their enemies, as is feen in the Doltor, and fuch like John fpeaketh of, to fee more Soils railed up to maintain the faith faithful Abels dyed for, Rev. 16. 11. Ezek 37. Rev. 20. 5 Now the Lord in his infinite mercy bless this final mite cast into the Treasury of all the Lords true Protestant people; and allo to the Doctor do I defire it may be for his everlatting comfort, that fo the Lord may have the glory, honour and praile, in and through our Lord Jefus Chrift, Amen. roay wat all the common Engly, even Boy and Azgoy, the Lurk, and Papilis, the left enemies of Gods prople, who have but the afor

there and hearly a Marion, Pal 8, tay a seed to me e alcosoft from being a merical thin the mone of a feel may be had no more as remains because, put interesting a feel may be had no more that and P. p. feer have been a the Caine and I. p. feer have been about an entries of the care Camewire Army, Jojana 1 to be onthe find go the Thomeson as a companion of the find the find go the Thomeson as a companion of the find go the Thomeson as a companion of the find go the Thomeson as a companion of the find go the Thomeson and the companion of the find the find

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